

# THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON,  
Publishers.

{ A WEEKLY WHIG NEWSPAPER. }

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WHOLE NO. 516.

## THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE

published every Friday morning by  
Jno. F. Zimmerman & Son,  
Editors and Proprietors.

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When six months, : : : : 1 25  
At the end of the year, : : : : 3 00

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### HUMOROUS.

**RATHER FUNNY.**—Some time since, a slab-sided mortal who had the appearance of having passed through the saw mill, called at a wholesale establishment in Philadelphia, and enquired—  
"Is this Burlap, Jeans, & Co?"  
"Yes, sir."  
"Well, I reckon I owe you a small sum."  
"Your name, sir?"  
"Snooks."

After looking over the ledger he was told that his name was not on the books.  
"A darned pretty way to keep them then. I guess if a man loaned me three hundred dollars I could not forget it. However, I don't want to cheat you, just give me a receipt on account, for two hundred and twenty-five dollars and fifty cents."  
"Never mind the cents; here's a receipt for the dollars."

"Highly careless you be of cents, they are not to be scorned at. Good morning." The firm was electrified at the honesty of Mr. Snooks; they insisted on his purchasing a bill of goods, but Snooks was very unwilling.

"It was hard to pay for them," he said, "I have been all winter raising that." But to their great satisfaction they sold him a bill of one thousand, for six months.

When the time of payment arrived a demand was forwarded to the driver easier than the letter remained for weeks unanswered.

The account was sent to a lawyer who resided in the town from which the stranger hailed. The next mail brought back the agreeable intelligence that no such person as Mr. Snooks ever lived there!

**A Spirited Parson.**—A clergyman having a quarrel with a neighboring gentleman, who insulted him, and at last told him, "Doctor your gown is your protection; replied:

"Though it may be mine, it shall not be yours; and immediately pulled it off and thrashed the aggressor."

A stammering Vermont was asked the way to Waterbury. With great politeness he strove to say it was right straight ahead, but in vain. The more he tried, the more he couldn't. At last, red in the face, and furious with unavailing exertion, he burst forth with,

"Gug, gug, go long! darn ye, you'll gi' it, there afore I kin tell you!"

A fellow coming from the top of the Alleghenies to New York in winter was asked whether it was cold there as in that city. He had probably been at some march of intellect school, for he glanced at the thermometer. "Horribly cold," said he, "for they have no thermometers there, and of course it gets just as cold as it pleases."

"John how much does Mr. Easy owe?" "Six dollars, sir."  
"Sure? Reckon on, and see if that oughtn't won't carry a tail."  
Scene closes with a piece of India rubber applied to the book.

A countryman visiting a young M. D. who had lately put out his shingle in the neighborhood, asked the Doctor where he got the skeletons he saw in his room.

"We raised them!" was the reply.  
"Du tell?" queried Jonathan.

In EVERY DEED OLD BULL executes at his settlement, at Orleans; Potter county, Pa., he inserts a clause prohibiting the sale of spirituous liquors on the premises, except for medical purposes.

Mrs. Partington says that nothing despises her so much as to see people who profess to expect salvation, go to church without their purses when a recollection is to be taken.

Why is a man who has just carried his carpet bag ashore from a steamboat, like an owner of the soil? Because he is possessed of landed property. Servant girls faints.

A man went home the other evening and found a new and somewhat original attachment on his wife's Piano; it was put on by the Sheriff.

In China loquacity in a wife is cause for a divorce.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### IS THE WHIG PARTY DEAD?

The Whig Party dead! When truth is forsaken, And reason, confounded, retires from her throne; When the solid foundations of virtue are shaken, And madness shall stalk forth in triumph alone; When Liberty's hosts in dismay are disbanded, And the star-spangled banner no more be unfurled; When Freedom shall weep for the ship of state stranded, And Freedom's last hope shall be banished from the world; When anarchy dire shall reign through the nation, And darkness shall hover o'er Freedom's last fires, And Tyranny whip in wild exultation, Then, then, the Whig Party, with Freedom, expires.

### The Bewitched Clock.

BY THE OLD 'UN.

About half past eleven o'clock on Sunday, night a human leg enveloped in blue broadcloth, might have been seen entering Deacon Cephas Barbary's kitchen window. The leg was followed finally, by the entire person of a live Yankee, attired in his Sunday go to meetin' clothes. It was, in short, Joe Maywood, who thus burglariously, in the dead of the night won his way into the deacon's kitchen.

"Wonder how much the old deacon made by orderin' me not to darken his doors again!" soliloquized the young gentleman.

"Promised him I wouldn't but didn't say nothin about winders. Winders is just as good as doors, if there aint no nails to tear your trousers into. Wonder if Sally'd come down? the critter promised me. I'm afraid to move about here, 'cause I might break my shins over something nuther, and wake the old folks."

"Cold enough to freeze a Polish bear here. O, here comes Sally!"

The beautiful maiden descended with a pleasant smile, a tallow candle and a card of lucifer matches. After receiving a rapturous greeting she made up a rousing fire in the cooking stove, and the happy couple sat down to enjoy the sweet interchange of vows and hopes. But the course of true love ran no smoother in old Barbary's kitchen than it did elsewhere, and Joe, who was just making up his mind to treat himself to a kiss, was startled by the voice of the deacon, her father, shouting from his chamber door.

"Sally, what are you getting up in the middle of the night for?"

"Tell him it's most morning," whispered Joe.

"I can't take a fib!" said Sally.

"I'll make it a truth, then," said Joe; and running to the old fashioned clock that stood in the corner he sat it at five.

"Look at the clock and tell me what time it is," cried the old gentleman up stairs.

"It's five by the clock," answered Sally, and corroborating her words, the old clock struck five.

The lovers sat down and resumed their conversation. Suddenly the staircase began to creak.

"Good gracious! It's father," cried Joe.

"The deacon, by thunder!" cried Joe.

"Hide me!"

"Where can I hide you?" cried the distracted girl.

"O, I know," said he. "I'll squeeze into the clock case." And without another word, he concealed himself in the case, and drew the door behind him.

The deacon was dressed and setting himself down by the cooking stove, pulled out his pipe, lighted it, and commenced smoking deliberately and calmly.

"Five o'clock, eh?" said he. Well, I shall have time to smoke three or four pipes, and then I'll go and feed the critters."

"Haden't you better feed the critters first, sir, and smoke afterwards?" suggested the dutiful Sally.

"No, smokin' clears my head and wakes me up," answered the deacon, who seemed not a whit disposed to hurry his enjoyment.

"Bur-r-r—whizz—ding! ding! ding!" went the clock.

"Tormented lightning!" cried the deacon starting up, and dropping his pipe on the stove, "what in creation's that?"

"It's only the clock striking five," said Sally, tremulously.

"Whizz! ding! ding! ding!" went the old clock, furiously.

"Powers of mercy," cried the deacon—"Strikin' five, it's struck a hundred already."

"Deacon Barbary!" cried the deacon's better-half, who had hastily robbed herself, and now came plunging down the staircase in the wildest state of alarm.

forward, and laid his hand upon the door of the clock-case. But no human could open it. Joe was holding it inside with a death grasp.

The deacon began to be dreadful frightened. He gave one more tug. An unearthly yell as of a fiend in distress, burst from the inside, and then the clock case pitched head foremost on the floor, smashed its face, and wrecked its preparations. The current of air extinguished the lamp—the deacon, the old lady and Sally fled up stairs, and Joe Maywood exulting himself from the clock, effected his retreat in the same way in which he had entered.

The next day all Appleton was alive with the story of how Deacon Barbary's clock had been bewitched, and though many believed its vision, some and especially Joe Maywood effected to discredit the whole affair, hinting that the deacon had been trying the experiment of taxing frozen cider, and that the vagaries of the clock case existed only in its distempered imagination.

From the New York Spirit of the Times.

### A MISSOURI ELECTIONEERING SPEECH.

An ambitious candidate for Congress named Hone, affords us the following specimen of Missouri eloquence. Old Bullion must look to his laurels:

"Feller citizens—You orl of you know that in our halls of legislation confusion runs riot, and anarchy reigns supreme. Arouse, then! shake the dewdrops from your hunting shirts and fall into ranks. Sound the tocsin! beat the drum! blow the tocsin, till the startled echoes, reverberating from hill top to hill top, and from gopher hill to gopher hill, shall cause the adamantine hills of New England, ferruginous deposits of Missouri, and the auriferous particles of California, to prick up their ears, and in whispered accents, enquire of their neighbor, 'what can the matter be?'"

Feller citizens—I repeat it, to your posts! and from the topmost peaks of the Alleghenies, bid defiance to the universal Yankee nation, by shoutin' terrific watchword, 'Who's afraid?' in thunder tones, that quakin' with terror, they shall forget that niggers is. Don your rusty regimentals—burnish up your rusty chargers, and save the nation or bust a bilier!"

Feller citizens—The great bird of American liberty's flewed aloft, and soared in high o'er the cloud capped summits of the Rocky mountains, and when we shall have penetrated into the unknown regions of unlimited space, and then shall have duv down and lit on daddy's wood-pile. I shall be led to exclaim, in the grand, the terrific, and the sublime language of Paul the Apostle, in his celebrated epistle to the aborigines—'Root, little pig, or die!'"

Feller citizens—the time is critical!—blood is gwine to be poured out like soap-suds outen a wash-tub, and every man what's got a soul as big as the white of a nigger's eyes, 'll be ready to fight, bleed, and die for his country! There's the times! You want men in the councils of the nation that you can depend on, that's me! Elect me to Congress and I'll stick to you through thick and thin, like a lean tick to a nigger's shins! I'm not gwine to make an electioneering speech I'd scorn the act. You know me, I've been focted up among you. Already on the wings of a topological imagination, I fancy I see you marching up to the polls in solid phalanx and with a shout that makes the welkin ring. 'Whoorah for Hone!' come down on my opponent like a thousand of brick on a rotten punkin'!"

Feller citizens—I'll tell you now what I'm gwine to do if I'm elected to Congress. I'm gwine to vote for a law allowin them Nothern fellers, men and wimmen, what loves niggers so well, to marry as many of them as they want and are able to pay for. I am opposed mentally and morally, constitutionally and conscientiously, to extend slavery in any shape, manner or form, under any circumstances whatever, further North than the pint of the hub what the axle-tree of the North Pole turns on, or further South than the 90th degree of South Latitude. I'm gwine to vote for annexation to the United States, Cuba, Canada, all the territory north of 39, and all south of 48, 00, to the southern extremities of South America, together with Great Britain and her possessions, and Europe, Asia and Africa. I'm in favor of building a railroad and ship canal from the village of St. Louis, situated, as most of you are aware, in this State, in the vicinity of Alton, in Illinois, to San Francisco, by cuttin a tunnel plumb through the bowels of the earth, straight as a die. I'm gwine to vote for a bill givin O'Reilly the privilege of building a telegraph to the moon, and grantin him the monopoly of the same for ten years, with the exception of 100 shares each, which Old Sam and the man in the moon shall be allowed to take. As we are gittin crowded for room, I shall go for lettin down the Falls of Niagara, a buttonhole or two, for the purpose of drainin the lakes and makin 'em fit to live in, so that our crumpled population which now amounts to three and a half on an average to each township, can have elbow-room. I'm gwine to have a law passed to keep milk from turnin sour in thunder storms, and to keep wimmen from standin on their heads at camp-meetings. And I'm gwine to have another one passed to cause hickories to peel all the year round, and another one still for the expulsion from our borders of prairie wolves and abolitionists, the extermination of prairie fires and gallinippers, and the annihilation of fleas, bed-bugs, and muskeeters.

There's my sentiments! Three cheers for Hone! There, that'll do. Come, now and let's liker!"

## TITLES OR NICK NAMES IN THE UNITED STATES.

Mr. and Mrs. Pulsky, a part of Kosuth's train during his tour to this country, have published a book entitled "White Red and Black," and sketches of American society.

Not having space to insert the chapter in full under the above heading, we condense from the same, what is said in reference to the nick-names applied to our prominent men, as well as to our cities and States.

Gen. Jackson was called old Hickory, on account of his inflexible character; his diplomatic successor in the White House, was known as the Little Magician; and his son John Van Buren remains until now the Prince.

Gen Harrison was Old Tip, an abbreviation of Tippecanoe, where he defeated the Indians under their Prophet, the brother of Tecumseh.

Gen. Zachary Taylor was designated by the name of Old Zack, Rough and Ready.

Henry Clay as the Mill Boy of the Slashes, in remembrance of his origin. Webster was the Great Expounder—the God like, or simple Black Dan.

Corwin is the Wagon Boy. Thomas Benton, the great Missourian, is known as Bullion.

Douglas, the Democratic Senator from Illinois, the Little Giant.

Gen. Scott, Chippewa, from his victory over the English in the late war, and Hasty Plate of Soup, from an expression, which slipped from his pen.

Gen. Houston, San Jacinto, from the battle field on which he defeated President Santa Anna and all his army, &c.

The cities and states have their nick-names; Washington, for instance, is the city of Magnificent Distances; New York, the Empire city; Philadelphia, the Quaker city; Baltimore, the Monument city; Boston, the city of Notions, or the Puritan city; New Haven, the Elm city; Buffalo, the Queen city of the Lakes; Pittsburgh, the Iron city; Cleveland, the Forest city; Cincinnati, Porkopolis or the Queen city of the West; St. Louis, the Mound city; Louisville, the Falls city; N. Orleans the Crescent city.

The State of New York, boasting in its arms the rising sun, with the motto 'Excelsior' is the Empire or Excelsior State, Connecticut, the Free State State; Massachusetts, the Bay State; Vermont the Green Mountain State; New Hampshire, the Granite State; Pennsylvania, the Key stone State, Virginia, the Old Dominion, the Mother of States and Statesmen; Delaware the Diamond State; South Carolina the Palmetto State; Texas, the Lone Star; California, the Gold Region; Mississippi the Bayou State; Louisiana, the Creole State, and Kentucky the Dark and loody Ground.

The inhabitants of Florida are Cow Boys; those of Ohio, called Buckeyes; those of Iowa, Hawkeyes; those of Illinois, Suckers; the Missourians Pukes; the Indiana people Hoosiers; the Michiganians, Wolverines; and Wisconsinians Badgers.

The authors correctly say, all those nick-names are familiar to and frequently used by the Americans, and not only in jest—in the same way as they collectively accept the designation Yankees, if their word is used in contradiction to English. In the States themselves, the Southerners and Westerners disclaim this appellation, but use it to designate the New Englanders—whilst in New England again, every State disowns it except Connecticut, which is proud to be the original Yankee State.

A Long Bet.—One summer evening last year, we were cosily seated in one of those arm chairs at the Clinton Hotel, smoking one of the proprietor's best cigars, conversing with friend P—, of Long Island, when he asked us whether we ever heard of a bet that was once made by two young gentlemen who were seated on a former occasion in about the same place which we then occupied.

"No," we replied; "what was the bet?"

There were two young fellows made a bet and just then Mr. Hodges who kept the Hotel at that time, was coming down Beekman street, one of them said:

"Mr. Hodges, we have just made a bet, which we will leave to your decision. The bet amounts only to two bottles of Champagne, which we will drink to-day at dinner provided you will charge it to which ever you will decide has lost—and you shall join us in drinking the wine."

"I am agreed," replied Mr. Hodges.

"You understand the arrangement distinctly, do you?"

"Yes—yes, I am to charge the two bottles to which ever loses!"

"Yes, that's it; and we'll pay you as soon as you decide the bet, which had better be decided immediately after dinner."

"The dinner came off at the usual hour, the wine was drunk, and Mr. Hodges, who had joined them at the table, became somewhat impatient, and asked what the bet was."

"R. has bet that when Dr. Spring's church steeple, opposite falls, it will be in the direction of the East River, and I bet it won't. When you decide who has lost we will pay."

The amazed landlord looked at the party—shook his head, laughingly threatened to pay them for the article they had sold him, and sloped. The wine never was charged either of the young men.

N. O. Picayune.

Watchman.—A man employed by the corporation to sleep in the open air.

Be abstemious.—Who dainties love shall beggars prove."

Be honest, if you wish friends.

## Girls.—Holmes in one of his poems, says in a parenthetical way—

"My grandpa  
Loved girls when he was young."

No doubt of it; for Holmes is a sensible man, and must have had a sensible grandfather. All sensible men love girls when they are young, and when they are old too. (We apply the "old" to men, not girls—mind you.) Girlhood is an institution—a "peculiar institution"—which as lovers of the "union," we feel bound to cherish; and as to girls, large and small, we hold that no gentleman's family is complete without them. Of little girls an American poet says—

"With rosy cheeks, and merry dancing curls,  
And eyes of tender light,  
O very beautiful are little girls,  
And goodly to the sight."

And as to large girls—"big, bouncing girls"—what a pity it is that they must soon be "women"—stately, matronly, queenly women, who are only not angels because they are not—girls—who, by the by, are not angels either, but vastly more charming than any members of the angelic hosts that we remember to have seen in pictures elsewhere.

Boston Post.

New Institution.—It is proposed to establish in this city, (so the Solons say) an institution in which the science of spinology, weavology, and cookology, may be taught to young ladies, and where after obtaining these accomplishments, they may receive a regular diploma, with the honorary degree of "F. W."—Fit for Wives.—Boston Mail.

REMEDY FOR CANCER.—Col. Ussery, of the parish De Soix, informs the editor of the Caddo Gazette that he fully tested a remedy for this troublesome disease, recommended to him by a Spanish woman, a native of the country. The remedy is this: "Take an egg and break it, pour out the white, retaining the yolk in the shell, put in salt and mix with the yolk as long as it will receive it, stir them together until the yolk is formed; put a portion of this on a piece of sticking plaster, and apply it to the cancer about twice a day. He has tried the remedy twice in his own family with complete success."

Eight hundred and forty individuals have been arrested by the Cincinnati police during the last month. The various offences are reported as follows:—

Abusing family, 24; stabbing with intent to kill, 19; disorderly conduct, 269; drunkenness, 68; fast driving, 50; fighting, 112; larceny, &c., 42, and counterfeiting and uttering counterfeit money, 9.

At Welch & Russell's.

NOEL & NICHOLS,  
CABINET MAKERS,  
At the old stand of Wm. Speed, Esq., Main St., opposite the Court House, DANVILLE, KY.

HAVE now on hand and intend to keep constantly, a good assortment of the  
Metallic Burial Cases!

As one of the firm is living in the house adjoining the shop, all calls, funeral or otherwise, will be promptly attended to.

REPAIRING and Varnishing old Furniture done on short notice.

NOEL & NICHOLS.

may 6, '53 tf

REMOVAL.

HAVING purchased Mr. Bess. Potkin's entire stock of Groceries, &c., I have removed to the house recently occupied by that gentleman—opposite my former stand—where I will be pleased to see my former customers, as well as those of Mr. Bess. and as many others as may wish to purchase of me or examine my stock, which is very large, well assorted, and very superior.

JNO. L. SMITH.

may 13, 1853 tf

NEW GOODS!

I AM now receiving (and will have my complete stock in a few days) a superior stock of  
DRY GOODS,  
Bonnets, Hardware, cutlery, Queensware, Boots, shoes, Hats and Clothing; Of all the various late styles and patterns, too numerous to mention. "For particulars, see small bills." Call and see them.

april 1, '53 G. A. ARMSTRONG.

NEW WATCHES

Jewelry!

T. R. J. AYRES

HAS just received a handsome addition to his stock of  
Jewelry, &c.

And with particular reference to the wants of the LADIES, has selected a lot of  
BEAUTIFUL WATCHES,  
(Perfect little loves,) Card Baskets, Bracelets, Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of Gentlemen's Diamond Breast-Pins, Locket-Rings, Watch Rigging, &c.

His stock of  
GOLD and SILVER HUNTING WATCHES,  
For Gentlemen, will be found to be complete and very superior.

Danville, may 20, '53 tf

Wool—Wool—Wool!

THE highest market price paid for Washed and Unwashed Wool, delivered at my Store in Danville.

## Miscley's Patent Distilling

Lard and Oil Burner.

THIS is an entirely new and novel Lamp, combining the following advantages:

Any kind of COMMON GREASE may be used in it, the distiller making Pure Oil out of such grease. Pure boiling oil is sent to the flame, which makes the burners give a far better light than with oil partially warmed. A wick too need not be used, because the oil being sent to the flame at pleasure, the wick is constantly full of hot oil. They save 33 per cent. of the expense and give a better light with a wick of the same size, than any Lard or Oil Lamp now in use. They hold lard and oil enough to last a week; hence they require filling but once a week. As the weight of the oil is at the bottom, and the top being light, they are not easily upset, and should they be, little or no grease will spill. And, lastly, they are NEAT, CHEAP and DURABLE.

For sale in Danville, by  
G. W. COLLINS.

June 3, '53

J. W. HAMILTON.

BASSETT & HAMILTON,  
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in  
China, Glass, Queensware, &c.,  
Corner of Main and Mill Streets,  
LEXINGTON, KY.

WE have now on hand and are constantly receiving full and complete stocks of every thing in our line, which we are enabled, by our superior advantages, to sell as low as any other house in the West.

Importing directly from the Potteries of England and France, we can pledge ourselves to sell on very favorable terms, and would solicit calls to examine our stock and prices.

We are very fully supplied with fine Dinner, Tea and Table-sets, which we will sell low.

BASSETT & HAMILTON.  
Lexington, June 17, '53 1m

To House Keepers.

ON hand, a few Fine Tea Sets, Table Cloth Napkins, &c., which I am offering on accommodating terms.

G. A. ARMSTRONG.

may 13, '53

COME AT LAST!

L. DIMMITT

HAS at last received his beautiful stock of fine  
DRESS GOODS,  
Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, &c.

He invites the attention of the Ladies to these Goods, as they cannot be beat in the place. He has also received his 3 and 3 1/2 yds.

Carpet and Matting.

A large and fine stock. Step in and see for yourselves.

L. DIMMITT.

april 22, '53

Fruit Bottles! Fruit Bottles!

500 FRUIT Bottles just received and for sale by W. M. STOUT, June 10 Sign of the Big Book and Mortar.

SPRING AND SUMMER, 1853.

NEW GOODS!

At Welch & Russell's.

WE are now receiving direct from the East an unusually large and complete stock of superior

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Of every description, which were selected with great care from the best houses in New York and Philadelphia. Our stock of fine

DRESS GOODS

Bonnets, Ribbons, Laces, &c., &c., Contains all the latest styles of the season, and cannot fail, either in appearance, quality or price, all who may examine them. Also, Goods of every description.

## WATKINS & OWSLEY,

Commission Merchants, Provision and Tobacco Brokers,  
NO. 256, MAIN STREET







# THE TRIBUNE.



FOR CONGRESS,  
COL. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,  
OF ADAMS COUNTY.

For the Legislature—Boyle County,  
WM. C. ANDERSON.

DANVILLE, KY.  
Friday Morning, July 15, 1853.

**The Election.**  
Two weeks from Monday next, is the day upon which the people of Kentucky will be called upon to choose their Representatives in the National and State Legislatures. Let the Whigs be ready and at their posts on that day, for they may be well assured that then a desperate effort will be made to deliver the State of Kentucky into Locofoco hands. This is no hobgoblin, created for the purpose of frightening Whigs into the performance of their duty. Both parties throughout the Union are regarding the present political movements in this State with the greatest degree of interest. Here the glorious old Whig banner is still borne aloft, with but a single stain to mar its purity. That it should trail in the dust, and those who have so long rallied, fought and triumphed under its broad folds, be defeated, is the ardent hope of the Locofocos, and the fear of the Whigs in every part of the Union. Will the Whigs of Kentucky stand idle and permit such a desecration?—will they desert that banner?—or will they not rather send a thrill of joy through every Whig heart, by giving an increased majority in favor of Whig men and measures?

**RAIN.**—Our town and vicinity were blessed with fine refreshing rains on Sunday afternoon and Monday last. All nature seems to have been revived, and every one should feel grateful to Him "who doeth all things well."

The out-crop of this immediate section, will be rather slim, but from all we can learn the "grand old man" will, notwithstanding the drought, probably be a very fair average one.

**SHAW-WATKINS.**—We would remind all those who desire true and life-like pictures of themselves, or friends, that Mr. DANZAN can still be found at the well-known Daguerrean Rooms, adjoining the Western House. His pictures compare favorably with those taken by any other artist we have ever had among us, both in their perfection of finish and correctness of likenesses. We even had our phiz copied a few days since, to our entire satisfaction. We are confident that the likeness taken of us, cannot be excelled.

Mr. DANZAN is now taking pictures of a new style—the illuminated daguerreotype—several specimens of which may be seen at his rooms.

**SALE OF MULES.**—A sale of 293 yearling mules was made in our county a few days ago, by A. G. Talbot, Esq., to Messrs J. S. Hopkins and A. D. Meyer, at \$32,000 for the lot.

When any of our exchanges hereafter feel like boasting of large sales of stock made in their respective localities, it will be well enough for them to remember this one, which is the largest we have ever heard of being effected in the State.

**BRYANT'S SPRINGS.**—Messrs. Bryant & Leavel, about one mile from Crab Orchard, are this season better prepared than ever to accommodate those who desire the benefit of the valuable mineral waters to be found in abundance on their place. Their buildings are commodious, and comfortable, their table always well supplied with the very best of the country affords, their servants attentive, and as for the landlord and his lady—a more pleasant, sociable and accommodating couple than Mr. and Mrs. Bryant, never exerted themselves to please their guests. Such of our readers as wish to enjoy a visit to the Springs, without the "noise and confusion" attendant upon crowded watering places, cannot choose a better place than Bryant & Leavel's.

Our correspondence this week will be found very interesting. The letter from Capt. Southern, of Indiana, Texas (formerly of this place) in regard to the reported gold mines in that State, &c., will be read with interest—as also those from Lexington, Crab Orchard and Mt. Vernon. We hope our letter-writing friends will let us hear from them often.

**APRICOTS.**—We are indebted to our clever friends, G. H. Withers & Co., of the "Boyle Gardens," for several large and delicious Apricots grown on their grounds this season. It is a fine thing for editors to have such thoughtful and liberal friends as Messrs. W. & Co.

The extensive steam saw mill of the Messrs. G. & S. H. Langstaff, of Jersey, near Paducah, Ky., were wholly consumed by fire a few days ago.

**To the Whigs of the Fourth District.**  
We desire earnestly to urge upon the Whigs of this Congressional district the necessity of prompt and united action at the coming election. Col. Bramlette should have the full Whig vote it is certain that he will get none from the Democratic ranks. He deserves a cordial support, and we have no fear whatever but that the Whigs throughout the district are willing to give it to him—but we do fear that an over-confidence of success on their part will tend to give him but a small majority. This should not be the case. If ever there was a time when the Whigs of Kentucky should come up to the help of Whig men in all their might, the present is undoubtedly that time. Major Chrisman will get the entire support of his party; we hope the Whigs have seen of Democracy to expect nothing less than that such will certainly be the case. Then, let every Whig in the district feel himself personally called upon to do his full duty—let every one feel that the result depends upon his individual exertions, and act accordingly, and the majority for Colonel Bramlette will be such an one as will do honor to him, and reflect the highest credit upon the Whigs of the district. But if, on the other hand, there is a feeling among the Whigs that their candidate will be elected without an effort on their part, they may in the small majority he will receive, or it may be in his defeat, find cause to regret their supineness and neglect of duty, when it is too late to remedy it.

**Pierce's Abolition Appointments.**  
Another Outrage upon the South!  
President Pierce is showing his strong love for the Abolitionists, by appointing the most notorious of them to office.—Dix, the great leader of this unscrupulous and dangerous party, is the Sub-Treasurer at New York, by virtue of an appointment from the Northern man who professes Southern principles. Others equally conspicuous for their abolition views, have been the recipients of Presidential favors and bounties—and now the President outrages all sense of propriety by giving an appointment of Mail Agent to Wm J. Brown, another of his abolition allies, whose name has been rendered infamous by his unprincipled bargain and intrigue with David Wilmot, of proviso memory. This man Brown was a member of Congress in 1849-'50, and becoming then a candidate for the Speakership of the House of Representatives, made a secret trade with the leaders of the abolition party if they would cast their votes for him, and he should be elected Speaker of the House, he would constitute the Committee on Territories in such a way as would be satisfactory to Wilmot and his friends. In other words, he promised to give the Abolitionists the majority of the Committee, so that they could apply the Wilmot Proviso to all Territorial bills, and thus give the North the whole of the new Territories. The price for this dishonorable service was to be the abolitionist votes for Brown. Brown had received 112 Locofoco votes for the Speakership—on the next ballot would have received the abolition vote, and thus this infamous bargain been successful—but a suspicion prevailed in the House that a trade had been made. It was charged and denied by Brown. Then it was that the following correspondence was fished out of the pockets of this honest couple, (Davy and Billy):

DECEMBER 10, 1849.  
Dear Sir:—In the conversation which I had with you this evening, you were free to say that, if elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, you would constitute the Committee on Territories, the Judiciary, and the District of Columbia, in a manner that should be satisfactory to yourself and the friends with whom I try to myself. I have communicated this to my friends; and, in reply to this note, you can give them the same assurance, they will give you a cheerful and cordial support.

Respectfully, yours,  
D. WILMOT.

Hon. Wm. J. Brown.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 10, 1849.  
Dear Sir:—In answer to yours of this date, I will state that should I be elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, I will constitute the Committee on the District of Columbia, on Territories, and on the Judiciary in such manner as shall be satisfactory to yourself and your friends. I am a Representative from a free State, and have always been opposed to the extension of slavery; and believe that the Federal Government should be relieved from the responsibility of slavery, where they have the constitutional power to abolish it.

I am yours, truly,  
WM. J. BROWN.

Hon. DAVID WILMOT.

Upon the reading of these letters, Brown received, as he justly deserved, the contempt of every honest and honorable man in Congress and the nation. But the President of the Union takes this man, reeking with infamy, and as an expression of his love for the abolitionists, appoints him to office. It was thought Brown had sunk so low that no hand could find him even in the morning of the resurrection; yet the President, in his zeal to promote abolition, has searched in the filthy gutter, to which Brown had been consigned by the just indignation of the people of all parties, and covered with filth as he is, appoints him to office.

**CANDIDATE FOR TREASURER.**—Richard C. Wintersmith, Esq., is a candidate for re-election to the Office of State Treasurer. We presume he will have no opposition.

We see it stated that William M. Murphy, of Mason county, Ky., has been appointed Special Mail Agent at large, for the district of which this State forms a part.

**CLAY MONUMENT.**—The Chairman of the National Clay Monument Association has issued a circular, urging upon every county committee to have prepared suitable boxes (one for every precinct of the county), to be placed in charge of a special committee or active agent, who shall take his stand at the polls and call upon each and every voter casting his vote, to make a contribution to the Clay Monumental Fund.

This request should be attended to. No Kentuckian can refuse to contribute according to his means, in order to assist in the erection of a fitting monument over the remains of Henry Clay.

**THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR.**—On Monday, the President, accompanied by Secretaries Guthrie, Campbell and Davis, left Washington, for the purpose of attending the opening of the World's Fair. He was received with considerable pomp at Baltimore and Philadelphia.

**W. E. Hughes,** of the Louisville Democrat, has been appointed Local Mail Agent in Louisville, with a salary of near \$2,600.

The farmers in Taylor, Greene, Hart, Barren and Adair counties, cannot, under any circumstances, raise this year over one third of an average crop of Tobacco. In Cumberland, possibly, they will have about half a crop.

The flux is prevailing with considerable fatality in various portions of Jefferson county.

The route by railroad, all the way from Louisville to New York, has been opened.

Lexington seems to have been visited by some daring scoundrels, who for the past week have been committing numerous thefts. On Wednesday night the grocery store of W. B. Emmal was entered by an outsider. The iron safe was carried into an alley and blown open with powder. The thieves obtained about \$25.

The paint shop of Mr. Silvers was also broken into and his paints and paintings destroyed.

**BEANS.**—"Squire Woods," a colored dandy well known to most of our citizens, showed us a few days ago, several beans raised by him during the present season, the pod of the longest of which measured two feet in length.

**BANK DIVIDENDS.**—The Farmer's Bank of Kentucky have declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent.

The Bank of Louisville has declared a dividend of 4 1/2 per cent. for the last six months.

The Bank of Kentucky has declared a dividend of 5 per cent. for the last six months.

**THE LATE MURDER AT PARIS.**—We mentioned last week that Thos. Williams, about sixteen years of age, was murdered on Saturday, the 21 inst., on the fair grounds near Paris, Ky., by a man named Hastings. It appears that there had been for some time rather ill feeling existing between John Hastings and the father of young Williams, and on the 21 inst., during a mass meeting of the Sons of Temperance, Hastings commenced a quarrel with the boy by asking him if he had said that he (H.) had stolen turkeys. The boy answered in the negative, but it seems this reply did not satisfy Hastings, who immediately called him a d—d liar. Young Williams remarked to Hastings that he knew he was unable to resent the insult, or he would not have given it. Hastings offered him a large cane he held in his hand, during the boy to strike him, and while Williams was in the act of taking it, Hastings plunged a dagger in his left side, below the ribs, making a wound some four or five inches in depth. Williams died about two hours and a half after he was stabbed. Hastings was tried that evening, before Judge Samuels, and was committed to prison.

Such is the account in substance, given of this horrid affair by several of our exchanges.

**WE learn from the Cincinnati Times,** that a verdict of guilty was returned by the jury against William Kissane for making the forged check on the M. & T. Company Bank for \$7,321, and against Andrew Findley for uttering and publishing and causing the same to be uttered and published.

Findley absconded before the verdict was rendered.

Kissane was in court, but did not expect the verdict; his head dropped upon the table, and it was some time before he raised it.

The rendering of the verdict was received by the immense concourse of spectators with loud applause.

**ST. LOUIS POSTMASTER.**—The Postmaster at St. Louis resigned his post some time since, to take effect on the 30th of June. About ten days since his resignation was returned to him, with a note from the Postmaster General, saying that it was not the intention of the President to make any change in the Post Office at St. Louis at present.

The Crystal Palace Exhibition is to be opened to the public to-day.

**OH, GIT BOUT!**—The Louisville Times, speaking of the Congressional canvass in this district, says that "if Chrisman is not elected, then will there be no use for brilliant talent to make an effort against the commonest sort of intellect."

That's rich, decidedly so. How an editor with any thing but an Indian rubber conscience can accuse Maj. Chrisman of being possessor of such a rare commodity as "brilliant talent," we can't exactly understand. Why, the idea is so ridiculous, that we shouldn't be surprised if even the "prophetic" Major himself would laugh at it—for, by the way, the said Major is a man of at least too much sense to be humbugged by any such stuff as that put forth about him by the Louisville Times.

**HORRIBLE SUSPICION.**—The Frankfort Commonwealth of last week says that the wife of William Ball, of Clarke county, was killed last winter by a shot through the head, which was then understood to have been accidental; the account, given by the husband, being that a child at play knocked down a loaded gun, which was standing in a corner of the room, and that in falling it was discharged and killed his wife, who was lying on the sofa. Suspicions having been in some way excited, experiments, we understand, have been made with the gun, and the body of the wife disinterred and examined, and the result is a charge of murder against the husband. He was arrested a day or two ago in Woodford, where his friends reside, and where he has been most of the time since the death of his wife. He was to have a hearing before an examining court at Winchester, yesterday. The families of both wife and husband are highly respectable.

A new-born infant, naked and dead, was found on Second street, in Lexington, on Friday morning.

A hoghead of leaf tobacco, grown in Taylor county, was sold in Louisville on Friday at 10 1/2 cts per lb.

**RUMORED RESIGNATION OF MR. BUCHANAN.**—A despatch from Washington of the 11th, says: "The Intelligence thinks that the rumor of the resignation of Mr. Buchanan, of the English mission, is correct."

The Washington Republic says that in the Criminal Court of that city, last week, in the case of the Hon. George Briggs for an assault upon the Postmaster General, Mr. Hubbard, the court imposed a fine of fifty dollars for the offence.

**STAMPED ENVELOPES.**—The New York Tribune remarks that dissatisfaction with the stamped envelopes just issued by the General Post Office is very general. It arises from the fact that each of them bears on the back the card of Mr. G. F. Nesbit, of New York, the contractor by whom they are furnished. The Tribune thinks if this chance of circulating a business card had been offered to the highest bidder, it would have brought enough to pay the entire cost of the envelopes and a profit to boot. As it is, we are assured that many heavy commercial houses will not use them at all, though they would otherwise be large consumers.

**FROM HAVANA.**—The steamship Empire City, which arrived at New York on Sunday last, brings information of the arrest of Count Carlisle charged with being engaged in a conspiracy to overthrow the present government of Jamaica by the black population. The New York Herald says:—Should the charges prove well founded, the movement for another negro empire in the West Indies will be very apt to astonish Old England, and bring her to her senses with regard to the manoeuvres of the disciple of Uncle Tom.

**Dr. Charles Caldwell,** formerly of the Transylvania Medical School, and afterwards of the Louisville Medical School, died at his residence in the city of Louisville, on Saturday morning last. Dr. C. was upwards of ninety years of age, and for more than half a century occupied a distinguished position in the Medical world.

**NOVEL SCENE.**—A Sacrifice to the Cause of Moral Reform.—Mr. Abram Chrisman, an old and much respected citizen of Harrodsburg, Ky., says the Ploughboy, who has been engaged in the grocery business for many years past, and connected with the liquor traffic, rolled out of his store several barrels of whiskey and wine, a few days since, and in the presence of a large number of spectators, emptied their contents upon the ground.

**IRELAND AT THE EXHIBITION.**—One hundred and eighty-seven different articles will be contributed by Ireland to the New York Crystal Palace Exhibition. A large number of these consist of works of art and fancy. The collection is said to be the result of the efforts of a single individual.

**Gen. William Crookshanks,** vulgarly called Billy Bowlegs, Chief of the Seminole tribe of Indians in Florida, it is said, is about to be waived on by General Harner, with a polite invitation from the President to "go West," peaceably if he will, and forcibly if necessary.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

**LATER FROM EUROPE.**  
New York, July 11.  
The Atlantic arrived Sunday, with 140 passengers.

The income tax bill has become a law. Long debates had taken place in Parliament on the government of India.

Very little has been said about the Turkish affairs, and it was the general belief that peace would be maintained.

The strike at Stockport and Blackburn continue.

The Manchester employers and workmen have not come to an open rupture. Mr. Van Buren was in Birmingham. Mrs. Stowe was sojourning in Wales. The crops in Ireland are luxuriant.

The weather in Great Britain was generally favorable.

**France.**—The proposed action of France in regard to the Turkish question was not known.

It is officially reported that the Emperor preface a formal note to Russia, demanding to know whether she meant peace or war. The report also adds that Napoleon had consented to withhold the note at the earnest request of M. Kesseloff, the Russian minister.

The agricultural accounts from the Southern Department were bad. Several districts are inundated.

**Spain.**—The frigate Constitution passed Gibraltar on the 15th, with M. Caldeiron de Borgia, Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, on board.

Two shocks of earthquake were felt at Canaries on the 23d and 27th of May. The crops in Spain were indifferent.

It is reported that Spanish ports are to be opened for the full importation of wheat.

**Switzerland.**—Prospects for the settlement of matters were brighter. A blockade of the Piedmontese frontier was stated.

**Italy.**—The reported attempt at an outbreak in Lombardy was unfounded. Count Bugeo has been appointed to succeed Siracusa's appointment exercises hopes of milder treatment towards Italy.

**Turkey.**—No hostilities have yet appeared, and it is the general belief that there will be none. Russia continues to collect troops along her frontiers. The Turks have not ceased their war-like preparations.

Baron Bruck, the Austrian Envoy, arrived at Constantinople on the 14th. It is rumored that he is charged with conciliatory proposals, though it is not known what is the spirit of Turkish affairs since the last advices, and everything remains in statu quo, but with an approved feeling for peace.

**Persia.**—There has been an extraordinary earthquake, 12,000 persons were killed during one night. The plague had arisen from the unburied corpses.

The cholera was at Taurin, and locusts at Isphahan.

**Paris, Friday.**—Funds opened with a rise, but in consequence of a rumor of Russia's invasion of the provinces, received a sudden check, and closed at a decline.

**Vienna, 14th.**—Russia insists no longer on a special treaty with Turkey, but her demands are now confined to a guarantee in the form of a note.

**Athens, June 13.**—King Otto is arriving a squadron for the protection of Greek subjects, in case of an Oriental war.

**Smyrna, June 15.**—The city of Shiraz, in Persia, was totally destroyed by an earthquake on the night of the 1st of May.

**Paris, Monday.**—Private letters from Jozza, Moldavia, of the 17th, say that an extraordinary courier, from St. Petersburg, passed the day previous, on his way to Constantinople with another ultimatum, and a notice, if it was not accepted in eight days, the Russian army would cross the frontier and commence hostilities.

A division of the Russian army, 40,000 strong, is already within two leagues of the Turkish frontier.

**LATE FROM CHINA.**  
The Pinfather had arrived at San Francisco with Hong Kong dates to the 27th of April and Shanghai to the 25th.

The capture of Nankin and the subsequent defeat of the rebels is confirmed.

The Hong Kong Herald gives the details of various cruelties practiced by the insurgents—such as making indiscriminate slaughter of priests as well as the "Manchows."

At Nankin they enticed 700 Manchow women into one building and set fire to it; they also pressed every male Chinese, from 15 to 45 years of age into arms, killing the children, and making cooks and scullions of the women.

Nankin the leader of the rebels was crowned Emperor.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

**AUGUST ELECTION—1853.**  
For Congress—4th District.  
Col. T. E. BRAMLETTE.

For the Legislature—Boyle County.  
W. C. ANDERSON.

We are authorized to announce CHRIS. ENGLEMAN, Esq., as a candidate for reelection to represent Lincoln county in the next Legislature.

**Appointments for the 4th Quarter Harrodsburg District—Quarterly Meetings.**  
Q. M. Perryville et al., Pleasant Run, July 16—17  
" Salvisa et al., Joseph's Chapel, " 23—24  
" Danville, " 30—31  
" Somerset, Vaughn's camp, Aug. 4—8  
[The Q. M. Ct. will meet Saturday 6th, at 3 o'clock, P. M.]

Q. M. Maxville et al., Maxville, Aug. 13—14  
Fuerst et al., J. B. Alverson's, Garrard co., Aug. 19th, at 11 o'clock, A. M.  
Lancaster, extra service, Aug. 20—21  
Valley Church, Rockcastle, 4 P. M. " 19  
Q. M. Mt. Vernon miss, Scaffold Case, Aug. 27—28  
" Harrodsburg, " 10—11  
Mt. Zion, Jessamine co., J. G. BRUCE, P. E.

**DIED.**—On the 26th day of June, 1853, at the residence of his father, in the vicinity of Somerset, JOHN POPE BRUCE, only child of the E. of the Somerset Gazette, aged 16 years and 3 months.

**Pay your Town Tax.**  
The Town Tax for 1853 is now due, and the Marshal is directed by the Board of Trustees to proceed in the immediate collection of the same.

A. B. RICHARDS, M. T. D.  
July 15, '53

**3 year old Mules.**  
HAVING declined driving this fall, we have for sale 63 Three Year Old MULES. They are fat and ready for market, and will sell as cheap as they can be purchased any where. Let those who may wish to obtain a lot of No. 1 three year old Mules give us a call, 3 miles from Danville, immediately on the Perryville turnpike.

JAS. & D. N. HEATH.  
July 15, '53

**500 LABORERS.**  
On the Lexington and Danville Railroad, BETWEEN Nicholasville and Danville, to whom the highest wages will be paid and constant employment given.

The work is heavy and dry. The country is one of the most healthy to be found North or South.

C. & D. C. LINSLEY & CO.,  
Danville, July 15, '53

**Stray Bay Horse.**  
STRAYED from my residence, in the vicinity of Danville, on Monday, the 11th inst., A BAY HORSE, shed all round, about 10 years old, 14 1/2 or 15 hands high, necked, has marks of harness, his fore feet rather inclined inward, or pigeon toes. This horse was raised near Georgetown, and when last heard of was making in that direction, by the way of Shakerstown. A liberal reward will be given for the return of said horse to me in Danville, or for such information as will enable me to get him again.

JAMES COLE.  
Danville, July 15, '53

**CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS.**  
ESTABLISHED 1840.  
TAKE this method of informing the public that their establishment, one mile from the town of Crab Orchard, is now ready for the reception of visitors. Their rooms are new, neat and airy, and to points will be spared to make visitors comfortable in every respect. They have recently erected a large stable, capable of stabling 25 horses, with good sheds for carriages.

**THE WATERS.**  
Are Sulphur, Chalybeate, and Chalybeate and Magnesia combined. His borders will also have access to the Epsom Springs, about two miles distant, a fine gravel road leading thence; or those who prefer it can be supplied with the Epsom in their rooms. It is unnecessary to say anything of the medicinal virtues of these Springs, as their reputation is abundantly established.

Persons desiring Hydropathic Treatment, can secure the services of Dr. WATTS, who will attend patients at his home.

Crab Orchard, Ky., July 1, '53

**BRYANT AND LEAVEL AGAIN.**  
MANY persons have been prevented from visiting our establishment in the last week, by being told by some interested friends in Crab Orchard and other places, that our rooms were full, and no more could be accommodated. We take this method of requesting all persons desiring to visit our Springs, to inquire of Mr. Lewis Bryant, in town, or take the pains to ride out and see us at home, they will then know the truth. We still have several fine rooms vacant.

BRYANT & LEAVEL.  
Crab Orchard, July 15, '53

**NOTICE.**  
On the 21st of November, 1851, a Land Warrant, No. 21792, for 80 acres, was issued to me by the Government of the United States, under the act of 22d Sept. 1850, for military services rendered by me as a member of Capt. Wm. Wolfe's Company, 15th Regiment, Kentucky Militia, in the war with Great Britain, declared by the United States on the 15th of June, 1812; which Warrant came to my hands and has been lost. Therefore, be it known to all whom it may concern, that on the 24th day of September, 1853, I shall apply to the Commissioner of Pensions for a re-issue of said Warrant.

HENRY URTON, alias HENRY BRTON.  
Garrard co., Ky., July 15, '53

**August Election.**  
YOU are hereby notified, that an election will be held at the different voting places in Boyle county.

On Monday, August 1, 1853,  
For the election of a Representative for the Fourth District in the Congress of the United States;

A Representative for Boyle County in the next Legislature of Kentucky;

A Treasurer for the State of Kentucky.

The places of voting are as follows:  
District No. 1, at Willis's Tavern, Perryville;  
" No. 2, at Falkerson's, " do;  
" No. 3, at Central House, Danville;  
" No. 4, at Court-house, " do.

The polls will be opened at 6 o'clock in the morning, and close at 7 o'clock in the evening.  
B. D. WILLIAMS, Sheriff.  
July 15, '53

## EXECUTOR'S SALE.

Land, Stock, Crop, &c. &c.

THE undersigned, Executors of JAMES WARDLAW, deceased, will expose to Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of said decedent, 5 miles from Lexington, on the Versailles turnpike, on Tuesday, September 6, 1853, that portion of the FARM on which said Wardlaw resided at the time of his death, remaining unsold, and

Containing about 500 Acres  
Of First Rate Land.

It is in a high state of cultivation, is well watered with never failing springs, and a large portion of it covered with valuable Timber. This tract includes the improvements, consisting of a large and well arranged new Brick Dwelling, Kitchen, Negro houses, Barn, Stables, and all necessary buildings in good order. On the whole, this is believed to be one of the most desirable Tracts of Land, all things considered, now offered for sale. Persons wishing to purchase are invited to call and see it, and it may be as well to state, that it can be purchased at private sale at any time before the day of public sale, if desired. Also, at the same time.

**All the Personal Property**  
Of said Wardlaw, consisting of 150 head of Cattle, 100 of which are good 3 and 4 year old Steers; about 20 Horses; 140 Sheep, and some 60 or 80 Hogs; the Crop on the place, consisting of about 130 acres of Corn in the field; 150 bushels of old Corn; a fine crop of Wheat, Oats, &c.; Farming Implements of all kinds, among which Two Four Horse Wagons;

House and Kitchen Furniture, And various other articles on the place not necessary to enumerate.

Also, will be sold at the same time, 57 shares Northern Bank Stock; 13 shares Bank of Kentucky Stock; 2 shares Bank of Lexington and Versailles, Turnpike Stock;

1 Perpetual Scholarship in Centre College, Danville.

**TERMS.**—For the Land, one-third of the purchase money will be required in hand, the balance in one and two years, a lien being reserved to secure the two last payments, and negotiable notes executed therefor.

For the Bank and other Stocks a credit of 4 months will be given, upon the execution of negotiable notes, with approved security.

For the other Personal Property, for all sums under \$15 each in hand for the amount, and over a credit of 9 months will be given, upon the execution of negotiable notes, with approved security.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. ADDISON M. PHEETERS, JOSEPH G. FR



